

Anti-crime priorities

The anti-crime priorities of the government were set for the first time in 2005 at a meeting between the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Justice in Laulasmaa. The priorities have been changed somewhat later and the current priorities were confirmed on **14 April 2021**:

in order to use resources efficiently and effectively prevent and detect crime, the Minister of Justice and the Minister of the Interior set priorities and areas for promotion for the police and the prosecutor's office.

Based on the [fundamentals of criminal policy of the Riigikogu until 2030](#) and [the internal security strategy 2020–2030](#)

increasing the identification and confiscation of proceeds of crime,

having regard to the growing role of the cyber environment in the commission of criminal offences,

focusing on victim-centeredness in criminal proceedings,

ensuring the fight against organised drug crime, trafficking in human beings, and crimes against the state, at least at the current level of priority,

the Minister of Justice and the Minister of the Interior consider the fight against the following crimes to be a common priority of the prosecutor's office and the police:

- **violent crimes, in particular intimate partner violence and sexual abuse of children, and crimes committed by children;**
- **cybercrime;**
- **international money laundering in the financial sector** and high cost **economic crimes;**
- **severe corruption.**

Minister of Justice Maris Lauri and Minister of the Interior Kristian Jaani